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In the Claims

Please replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application with the following list of claims:

1-91. (Canceled)

- 92. (Currently Amended) A method for the accelerated production of transgenic animals comprising:
- a) transfecting a first non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line with a transgene construct containing a first DNA sequence;
- b) selecting a transfected cell or cell-line into which said first DNA sequence has been inserted into the genome of said first non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line;
- c) performing a first nuclear transfer procedure to generate a first transgenic animal at least heterozygous for said first DNA sequence;
- d) performing a biopsy or other cell selection technique to obtain cells to establish a second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line from said first transgenic animal;
- e) characterizing said second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line using known-molecular biology methods to ensure that the selected said-second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line is at least heterozygous for said first DNA sequence; and
- f) performing a second nuclear transfer procedure with at least one <u>one cell</u> of said second non-human differentiated somatic cell[[s]] or cell-line to produce at least a second transgenic animal at least heterozygous for said first DNA sequence; and
 - g) producing the second transgenic animal.
- 93. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, wherein said first transgenic animal is at an embryonic stage of development.
- 94. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, wherein said first transgenic animal is at a fetal stage of development.

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95. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, further comprising developing said first transgenic animal into an adult non-human animal.

- 96. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, wherein said first transgenic animal is a mammal.
- 97. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, wherein said first DNA sequence encodes a desired protein.
- 98. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, wherein the genetic composition of said first transgenic animal is characterized to confirm the presence and expression of the transgene.
- 99. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, wherein said first nuclear transfer procedure further comprises transferring the nucleus of said transfected cell into a suitable enucleated recipient cell of the same species, thereby obtaining a reconstituted cell.
- 100. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, wherein said first transgenic animal is biopsied so as to characterize the genome of said first transgenic animal.
- 101. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 92, wherein at least one of the cell[[s]] from said second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line is expanded through cell culture techniques for use in said second round of nuclear transfer so as to produce a multiplicity of animals transgenic for said DNA of interest.
- 102. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 96, wherein the source of said differentiated somatic cell or cell-line is an ungulate.
- 103. (Currently Amended) The method of either-claim[[s]] 102, wherein said-differentiated somatic cell or cell-line is from an ungulate is selected from the group consisting of bovine, ovine, porcine, equine, caprine and buffalo.

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104. (Currently Amended) A method of preparing a genetically engineered transgenic mammal, comprising:

- (a) inseminating a first female non-human mammal recipient with semen from a transgenic non-human animal of the same species known to have a transgene present and expressed;
 - (b) obtaining a transgenic non-human embryo from said first female recipient;
 - (c) obtaining a somatic cell from said embryo;
- (d) culturing said differentiated somatic cell in a suitable medium, such that a differentiated somatic cell line is obtained and,
- (e) performing a nuclear transfer procedure with said non-human-differentiated somatic cells to produce at least one transgenic mammal at least heterozygous for said first DNA sequence transgene [[;]], wherein said first DNA sequence transgene encodes[[ing]] a desired gene is actuated by a tissue specific promoter;
 - (f) producing the transgenic mammal.
- 105. (Canceled) The resultant offspring of the methods of claim 104.
- 106. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 92, wherein said second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line cells are is obtained from an embryonic goat on or after day 10 of embryogenesis.
- 107. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 92, wherein said second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell line preparation is kept in an airtight container.
- 108. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 92, wherein said first DNA sequence codes for a biopharmaceutical protein product.
- 109. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 108, wherein said first DNA sequence encodes[[ing]] a desired gene that is actuated by at least one beta casein promoter.

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110. (Canceled) The resultant milk derived from the offspring of the methods of claim 108.

- 111. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 92, wherein said second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line is obtained from said first transgenic animal by known tissue dissociation means including enzymatic means and/or mechanical means.
- 112. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 92, wherein said second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line is selected from a group of cell types present in said first transgenic animal including: a) fibroblast[[s]], [[b)]]cumulus cell[[s]], [[c)]]neural cell[[s]], [[d)]]mammary cells; and e) or a myocyte[[s]] or said second non-human differentiated somatic cell-line is from a fibroblast, cumulus cell, neural cell, mammary cell or a myocyte.
- 113. (Canceled) The resultant offspring of the method[[s]] of claim 92.
- 114. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 104, wherein said transgene codes for a biopharmaceutical protein product.
- 115. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 114, wherein said tissue specific promoter is a beta casein promoter.
- 116. (Canceled) The resultant milk derived from the offspring of the methods of claim 114.
- 117. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 104, wherein said second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line is obtained from said first transgenic animal by known tissue dissociation means including enzymatic means and/or mechanical means.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 104, wherein said second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-line is selected from a group of cell types present in said first transgenic animal including: a) fibroblast[[s]], [[b)]]cumulus cell[[s]], [[c)]]neural cell[[s]], [[d)

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]]mammary cells; and e) or a myocyte[[s]] or said second non-human differentiated somatic cellline is from a fibroblast, cumulus cell, neural cell, mammary cell or a myocyte.

- 119. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, wherein said transgene construct comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding a human polypeptide.
- 120. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 92, wherein said transgene construct is capable of knocking out the expression of a gene endogenous to said first transgenic animal.
- 121. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 119, wherein said transgene construct further comprises a promoter wherein the nucleic acid is under the control of said promoter.
- 122. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 121, wherein said promoter is a tissue specific promoter.
- 123. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 122, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is a promoter preferentially expressed in mammary gland epithelial cells.
- 124. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 123, wherein said promoter is selected from the group consisting of a beta-case in promoter, beta-lactoglobin promoter, whey acid protein promoter and lactalbumin promoter.
- 125. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 121, wherein said promoter is a caprine promoter.
- 126. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 119, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of a hormone, an immunoglobin, a plasma protein, and an enzyme.

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127. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 119, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of an alpha-1 proteinase inhibitor, an alkaline phosphotase, an angiogenin, an extracellular superoxide dismutase, a fibrogen, a glucocerebrosidase, a glutamate decarboxylase, a human serum albumin, a myelin basis protein, a proinsulin, a soluble CD4, a lactoferrin, a lactoglobulin, a lysozyme, a lactoalbumin, an erythropoietin, a tissue plasminogen activator, a human growth factor, an antithrombin III, an insulin, a prolactin, and an alpha-1-antitrypsin.

- 128. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 92, wherein said second non-human differentiated somatic cell or cell-lines are is a fibroblast[[s]] or said second non-human differentiated somatic cell-line is from a fibroblast.
- 129. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 128, wherein said fibroblasts are is a primary fibroblast[[s]].
- 130. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 128, wherein said fibroblast-s are is a primary derived fibroblast[[s]].